



## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

## 1.1 Product identifier

Product name

Synonyms

### FORCH PAINT, RAL COLOURS HIGH GLOSS L219 400ML

ANTHRACITE GREY HG R7016 L219 (ART: 6210 2614) • BASALT GREY HG R7012 L219 (ART: 6210 2677) • BLACK GREY HG R7021 L219 (ART: 6210 2615) • BRIGHT RED ORANGE HG R2008 L219 (ART: 6210 2646) • CARMINE RED HG R3002 L219 (ART: 6210 2523) • CLARET VIOLET HG R4004 L219 (ART: 6210 2653) • DAFFODIL YELLOW HG R1007 L219 (ART: 6210 2600) • FLAME RED HG R3000 L219 (ART: 6210 2603) • GRAPHITE GREY RAL 7024 HIGH GLOSS L219 (ART: 6210 2700) • IRON GREY HG R7011 L219 (ART: 6210 2676) • LIGHT GREY HG R7035 L219 (ART: 6210 2616) • MAIZE YELLOW HG R1006 L219 (ART: 6210 2638) • MINT GREEN HG R6029 L219 (ART: 6210 2669) • OYSTER WHITE HG R1006 L219 (ART: 6210 2611) • OPAL GREEN HG R6026 L219 (ART: 6210 2669) • OYSTER WHITE HG R1013 (ART: 6210 2696) • PINE GREEN HG R6028 L219 (ART: 6210 2657) • RED LILAC HG R4001 L219 (ART: 6210 2652) • SAPHIRE BLUE HG R5003 L219 (ART: 6210 2607) • SEPIA BROWN HG R8014 L219 (ART: 6210 2637) • TRAFFIC BLUE HG R5003 L219 (ART: 6210 2648) • SIGNAL YELLOW HG R1003 L219 (ART: 6210 2637) • TRAFFIC BLUE HG R5001 L219 (ART: 6210 2605) • TURQUOISE GREEN HG R6016 L219 (ART: 6210 2666) • ULTRAMARINE BLUE HG R5002 L219 (ART: 6210 2605) • TURQUOISE GREEN HG R6016 L219 (ART: 6210 2666) • ULTRAMARINE BLUE HG R5002 L219 (ART: 6210 2605) • TURQUOISE GREEN HG R6016 L219 (ART: 6210 2661) • WHITE HG R3020 L219 (ART: 6210 2606) • VERMILION HG R2002 L219 (ART: 6210 2601) • WHITE HG R5002 L219 (ART: 6210 2605) • TURQUOISE GREEN HG R6016 L219 (ART: 6210 2663) • ULTRAMARINE BLUE HG R5002 L219 (ART: 6210 2606) • VERMILION HG R2002 L219 (ART: 6210 2601) • WHITE HG R9010 (ART: 6210 2606) • VERMILION HG R2002 L219 (ART: 6210 2601) • YELLOW GREEN HG R6018 L219 (ART: 6210 2613) • YELLOW GREY HG R7034 L219 (ART: 6210 2682)

## 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses AEROSOL DISPENSED • PAINT • SPRAY PAINT

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	FORCH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	2 Forward St, Gnangara, WA, 6077, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	(08) 9303 9113
Fax	(08) 9303 9114
Email	shop@forch.com.au
Website	https://www.forch.com.au/

## 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency	(08) 9303 9113
Emergency	0413 550 330; 0424 135 792

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

#### **Physical Hazards**

Aerosols - Flammable: Category 1 Aerosols - Pressurised: Category 1

## **Health Hazards**

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Narcotic Effects) Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements



Signal word	DANGER
Pictograms	
Hazard statements	
AUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dr

AUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Prevention statements**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### **Response statements**

P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
	do. Continue rinsing.

## Storage statements

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

### **Disposal statements**

None allocated.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

## 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ACETONE	67-64-1	200-662-2	25 to <50%
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	108-65-6	203-603-9	1 to <10%
N-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	204-658-1	1 to <10%
XYLENE	1330-20-7	215-535-7	1 to <10%
ETHANOL	64-17-5	200-578-6	1 to <5%
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	236-675-5	<3%
BUTYL GLYCOLATE	7397-62-8	230-991-7	0.1 to <1%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities should be available.

# ChemAlert.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable aerosol. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Aerosol may explode at temperatures exceeding 50°C. Eliminate all ignition sources, including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, pilot lights, mobile phones, etc when handling. Aerosol cans may explode above 50°C.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

## 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool (< 50°C), dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure aerosol containers/ cans are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for damaged/ leaking containers. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems.

## 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.



## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Kelerence	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	SWA [AUS]	50	274	100	548
Acetone	SWA [AUS]	500	1185	1000	2375
Acetone	SWA [Proposed]	250	594	1000	2375
Butyl acetate	SWA [Proposed]	50	270	200	950
Ethanol	SWA [AUS]	1000	1880		
Ethanol (Ethyl alcohol)	SWA [Proposed]	200	380	800	1500
Hydroxyacetic acid butyl ester	SWA [Proposed]				
Titanium dioxide (a)	SWA [AUS]		10		
Titanium dioxide (inhalable)	SWA [Proposed]		1		
Xylene	SWA [AUS]	80	350	150	655
n-Butyl acetate	SWA [AUS]	150	713	200	950

## **Biological limits**

Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
ACETONE	ACGIH BEI	Acetone in urine	End of shift	25 mg/L
XYLENE	ACGIH BEI	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift	1.5 g/g creatinine

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated or confined areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back.

#### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves.
Body	When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.
Respiratory	At high vapour levels, wear a Type A-Class P1 (organic vapour and particulate) / Organic vapour P100 respirator.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	COLOURED LIQUID (AEROSOL DISPENSED)
Odour	CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR
Flammability	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE
Flash point	-4°C
Boiling point	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT AVAILABLE
рН	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Relative density	0.75
Solubility (water)	INSOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	26.81 kPa @ 20°C
Upper explosion limit	13 %
Lower explosion limit	1.7 to 2.3 %



#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	365°C
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. May form explosive peroxides.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources.

### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

This product may have the potential to cause adverse health effects if intentionally misused (e.g. deliberately inhaling contents).

#### Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient		Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
ACETONE		5800 mg/kg (rat)	> 7400 mg/kg (guinea pig, rabbit)	76000 mg/m³/4 hours (rat)
2-METHOXY-1-METH	IYLETHYL ACETATE	8532 mg/kg (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
N-BUTYL ACETATE		10760 mg/kg (rat)	14112 mg/kg (rabbit)	> 21 mg/L/4hrs (rat)
XYLENE		> 2000 mg/kg (rat) (AICIS)	> 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)	20 mg/L/4h (rat) (AICIS)
ETHANOL		3450 mg/kg (mouse)		20000 ppm/10 hours (rat)
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		5000 mg/kg (rat)		3.43 - 6.82 mg/L air (rat)
BUTYL GLYCOLATE		495 mg/kg (rat)		
Skin	Contact may result in drying	and defatting of the skin, ir	ritation, rash and dermatitis	
Eye	Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.			
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.			
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.			
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen. Titanium dioxide is classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B). However, due to product form (ie. liquid) the risk of exposure is greatly reduced.			
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.			
STOT - single exposure	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and headache. High level exposure may result in nausea, dizziness and drowsiness.			
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.			

Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form. However, if liquid component is ingested, aspiration into



Aspiration

the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity

The manufacturer reports the following aquatic toxicity for acetone as; LC50 (Fish) is > 100 mg/L/96; EC50 (Crustacea) is > 100 mg/L/48 hours; EC50 (Algae or aquatic plant) is 20.565 mg/L/96 hours.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Major components have low persistence in water and soil.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Major components are expected to have low bioaccumulation potential.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Expected to be highly mobile in soil.

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

Avoid contamination of drains and waterways.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalFor small amounts, absorb contents with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Do not<br/>puncture or incinerate aerosol cans. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1950	1950	1950
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class	2.1	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

## 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not a Marine Pollutant.

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	None allocated.
GTEPG	2D1
EmS	F-D, S-U

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
Poison schedule	Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).	
Classifications	Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).	



Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information	AEROSOL (	AEROSOL CANS may explode at temperatures approaching 50°C.		
	RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.			
	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.			
	lt should be including: fo measures;   prepare a r	FECTS FROM EXPOSURE: e noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors orm of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to eport which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will isks and apply control methods where appropriate.		
Abbreviations	ACGIH CAS # CNS EC No. EMS	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds Central Nervous System EC No - European Community Number Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous		
	GHS GTEPG IARC LC50 LD50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Goods) Globally Harmonized System Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide International Agency for Research on Cancer Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose Milligrams per Cubic Metre		
	OEL pH STEL STOT-RE STOT-SE SUSMP SWA TLV TWA	Occupational Exposure Limit relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). Parts Per Million Short-Term Exposure Limit Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons Safe Work Australia Threshold Limit Value Time Weighted Average		
Report status	product and It is based manufacture the current at the time	ent has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS'). on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the er, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained the manufacturer, importer or supplier.		
	While RMT not provide no liability f	has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts or any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.		



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